

114TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 38

To prohibit the executive branch from exempting from removal categories of aliens considered under the immigration laws to be unlawfully present in the United States, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 6, 2015

Mr. YOHO (for himself, Mr. PITTINGER, Mr. COOK, Mr. HARRIS, Mr. DUNCAN of Tennessee, Mr. ROE of Tennessee, Mr. NUGENT, Mr. ROHRABACHER, Mr. OLSON, Mr. FORBES, Ms. JENKINS of Kansas, Mr. YODER, Mr. McCaul, Mr. BARLETTA, Mr. MCCLINTOCK, Mr. PALAZZO, and Mr. JOLLY) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To prohibit the executive branch from exempting from removal categories of aliens considered under the immigration laws to be unlawfully present in the United States, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Preventing Executive
5 Overreach on Immigration Act of 2015”.

1 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

2 The Congress finds as follows:

3 (1) Under article I, section 8, of the Constitution,
4 the Congress has the power to “establish an
5 uniform Rule of Naturalization”. As the Supreme
6 Court found in Galvan v. Press, “that the formulation
7 of . . . policies [pertaining to the entry of aliens
8 and their right to remain here] is entrusted exclu-
9 sively to Congress has become about as firmly
10 imbedded in the legislative and judicial tissues of our
11 body politic as any aspect of our government”.

12 (2) Under article II, section 3, of the Constitution,
13 the President is required to “take Care that
14 the Laws be faithfully executed”.

15 (3) Historically, executive branch officials have
16 legitimately exercised their prosecutorial discretion
17 through their constitutional power over foreign af-
18 fairs to permit individuals or narrow groups of non-
19 citizens to remain in the United States temporarily
20 due to extraordinary circumstances in their country
21 of origin that pose an imminent threat to the indi-
22 viduals’ life or physical safety.

23 (4) Prosecutorial discretion generally ought to
24 be applied on a case-by-case basis and not to whole
25 categories of persons.

1 (5) President Obama himself has stated at least
2 22 times in the past that he can't ignore existing
3 immigration law or create his own immigration law.

4 (6) President Obama's grant of deferred action
5 to more than 4,000,000 unlawfully present aliens, as
6 directed in a November 20, 2014, memorandum
7 issued by Secretary of Homeland Security Jeh
8 Charles Johnson, is without any constitutional or
9 statutory basis.

10 **SEC. 3. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.**

11 (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other law,
12 the executive branch of the Government shall not—

13 (1) exempt or defer, by Executive order, regula-
14 tion, or any other means, categories of aliens consid-
15 ered under the immigration laws (as defined in sec-
16 tion 101(a)(17) of the Immigration and Nationality
17 Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(17))) to be unlawfully
18 present in the United States from removal under
19 such laws;

20 (2) treat such aliens as if they were lawfully
21 present or had a lawful immigration status; or

22 (3) treat such aliens other than as unauthorized
23 aliens (as defined in section 274A(h)(3) of the Im-
24 migration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
25 1324a(h)(3))).

1 (b) EXCEPTIONS.—Subsection (a) shall apply ex-
2 cept—

3 (1) to the extent prohibited by the Constitution;

4 (2) upon the request of Federal, State, or local
5 law enforcement agencies, for purposes of maintain-
6 ing aliens in the United States to be tried for crimes
7 or to be witnesses at trial; or

8 (3) for humanitarian purposes where the aliens
9 are at imminent risk of serious bodily harm or
10 death.

11 (c) EFFECT OF EXECUTIVE ACTION.—Any action by
12 the executive branch with the purpose of circumventing
13 the objectives of this section shall be null and void and
14 without legal effect.

15 (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect
16 as if enacted on November 20, 2014, and shall apply to
17 requests (regardless of whether the request is original or
18 for reopening of a previously denied request) submitted
19 on or after such date for —

20 (1) work authorization; or

21 (2) exemption from, or deferral of, removal.

